

**WEST SWINDON PARISH COUNCIL**  
**RESERVES POLICY**

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Updated: 24.05.21

# WEST SWINDON PARISH COUNCIL RESERVES POLICY

## 1. Purpose

- 1.1 West Swindon Parish Council is required to maintain adequate financial reserves to meet the needs of the organisation. A minimum of £400,000 would be expected to be maintained at all times to ensure the Parish Council is financially viable.
- 1.2 The challenge for West Swindon Parish Council is that it has no diversity in its income and is reliant on the precept income. From 1 August 2020, West Swindon Parish Council is directly delivering its services and as a result holds greater liabilities than it did prior to that date.
- 1.3 The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance on the Council's review of its level of General Reserves. The Council's General Reserves does not include specific funds earmarked for long term projects.
- 1.4 Sections 32 and 43 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 require local authorities to have regard to the level of reserves needed for meeting estimated future expenditure when calculating the budget requirement. However, there is no specified minimum or maximum level of reserves that an authority should hold and it is the responsibility of the Responsible Financial Officer to advise the Council about the level of reserves and to ensure that there are key protocols for their establishment and use.

## 2. Types of reserves

### *General Reserves*

- 2.1 Reserves can be categorised as general (e.g. held to cushion the impact of uneven cash flows or unexpected events) or earmarked (held for a specific purpose).

### *Earmarked Reserves*

- 2.2 Earmarked reserves are held for five main reasons:
  - i. **Renewals** – to enable Council to plan and finance an effective programme of vehicle and equipment replacement and planned property maintenance. These reserves are a mechanism to smooth expenditure so that a sensible replacement programme can be achieved without the need to vary budgets.
  - ii. **Carry forward of underspend** - some services commit expenditure to projects, but cannot spend the budget in year. Reserves are used as a mechanism to carry forward these resources.
  - iii. **Trading accounts** – In some instances surpluses are retained for future investment.
  - iv. **Insurance reserve** – to meet the estimate of future claims to enable the Council to meet the excesses not covered by insurance.
  - v. Other earmarked reserves may be set up from time to time to meet known or predicted liabilities.

- 2.3 General reserves or working balances are funds which do not have any restrictions as to their use. These reserves can be used to smooth the impact of significant pressures, offset the budget requirement if necessary or can be held in case of unexpected events or emergencies.

### **3. Earmarked reserves**

- 3.1 The Governance and Accountability Practitioners' Guide (2018) sets out guidance and audit considerations for Town & Parish Councils.
- 3.2 Earmarked reserves will be established on a “needs” basis, in line with planned or anticipated requirements.
- 3.3 As outlined in the regulations, any decision to set up a reserve must be given by the Council.
- 3.4 Expenditure from reserves can only be authorised by the Council.
- 3.5 If reserves are used to meet short term funding gaps, they must be replenished in the following year. However, earmarked reserves that have been used to meet a specific liability would not need to be replenished, having served the purpose for which they were originally established.
- 3.6 All earmarked reserves will be recorded on a schedule held by the Responsible Financial Officer which lists the various earmarked reserves and the purpose for which they are held.
- 3.7 Reviewing the Council's Financial Risk Assessment is part of the budgeting and year end accounting procedures and identifies planned and unplanned expenditure items and thereby indicates an appropriate level of Reserves.

### **4. Working balances**

- 4.1 The level of general reserves or working balances is a matter of judgement and so this policy does not attempt to prescribe a blanket level. The primary means of building working balances will be through an allocation from the annual budget. This will be in addition to any amounts needed to replenish reserves that have been consumed in the previous year.
- 4.2 Setting the level of working balances is one of several related decisions in the formulation of the medium term financial strategy and the annual budget. The Council must build and maintain sufficient working balances to cover the key risks it faces, as expressed in its financial risk assessment.
- 4.3 In practice, however, in determining the precise level of reserves about this minimum, the Responsible Financial Officer will consider most if not all of the factors shown in the following table:
- 4.4 If in extreme circumstances general reserves were exhausted due to unforeseen spending pressures within a particular financial year, the Council would be able to draw down from its earmarked reserves to provide short-term resources

<b>Budget assumptions</b>	<b>Financial standing and management</b>
The treatment of inflation and interest rates	The overall financial standing of the authority (e.g. level of borrowing, debt outstanding, council tax collection rates)
The treatment of demand-led pressures	The authority's capacity to manage in-year budget pressures
The treatment of planned efficiency savings	The strength of the financial information and reporting arrangements
The financial risks inherent in any significant new funding partnerships, major contractual arrangements or major capital developments	The authority's virement and end- of-year procedures in relation to budget under/overspends at council and committee level
The availability of other funds to deal with major contingencies and the adequacy of provisions	The adequacy of the authority's insurance arrangements to cover major unforeseen risks

## **5 Opportunity cost of holding reserves**

- 5.1 In addition to allowing the Council to manage unforeseen financial pressures and plan for known or predicted liabilities, there is a benefit to holding reserves in terms of the interest earned on funds which are not used.
- 5.2 There is an "opportunity cost" of holding funds in reserves, in that these funds cannot then be spent on anything else. However, without reserves the Council would have pressure on funds to manage unexpected risks or provide a mechanism to fund the planned expenditure for which the reserves were earmarked.
- 5.3 Given the opportunity costs of holding reserves, it is critical that reserves continue to be reviewed each year as part of the budget process to confirm that they are still required and that the level is still appropriate.

## **6 Governance concerning the Balances and Reserves.**

- 6.1 West Swindon Parish Council will review The Reserves Policy as part of the review of Financial Regulations (Section 18) and report to the Parish Council as part of the budget setting process.
- 6.2 The Council will have the opportunity to review the levels of Earmarked Reserves held in accordance with the Parish Council's Financial Regulations and make recommendations for the creation of additional Earmarked Reserves as part of the annual budgeting process.
- 6.3 The Council will be required to identify the following when making recommendations for each reserve:

- The reason for/purpose of the reserve
- How and when the reserve can be used
- Procedures for the reserve's management and control
- A process and timescales for review of the reserve to ensure continuing relevance and adequacy

6.4 General Reserve balances will be held by the Parish to cushion the impact of uneven cash flows and the impact of unexpected, unforeseen, emergency and uninsured situation and will be reviewed annually.

## 7. Statement of Reserves at 31 March 2021

<b>Total Reserves at 31.03.21</b>	<b>£832,700.00</b>
<b>Earmarked Reserves 2020-21</b>	£36,000 Backland projects
	£23,000 Election expenses
	£10,000 Youth development
	£10,000 Allotment development
<b>General Reserves 2020-21</b>	<b>£753,700.00</b>